

Presentation to the National Academy of Sciences, Engineering and Medicine

Transportation Research Board

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Travel Leaders Elite



Tourism Economics & Gross Domestic Product (GDP)

\$503.7B

direct contribution

More than

\$990.3B

Direct spending for 2016

70% of travel and tourism GDP is leisure





Tourism & Economic Development

Total contribution of Travel and Tourism represents

8.1% of GDP

(\$1.51B in 2016)

Nearly 4 out of

mestic trips taken annually are leisure





Tourism & Jobs



Travel directly **supports 8.6M US jobs**, accounting for **6%**of total non-farm employment in the US



Travel industry has created jobs at a faster rate (16.6%) than the rest of the economy (10.3%) from 2010-2016



1 in 9 US non-farm jobs directly or indirectly relies on the travel industry (15.3M travel-related jobs in 2016)



Tourism & Tax Revenue

Tourism provides

\$157.3B in tax revenue

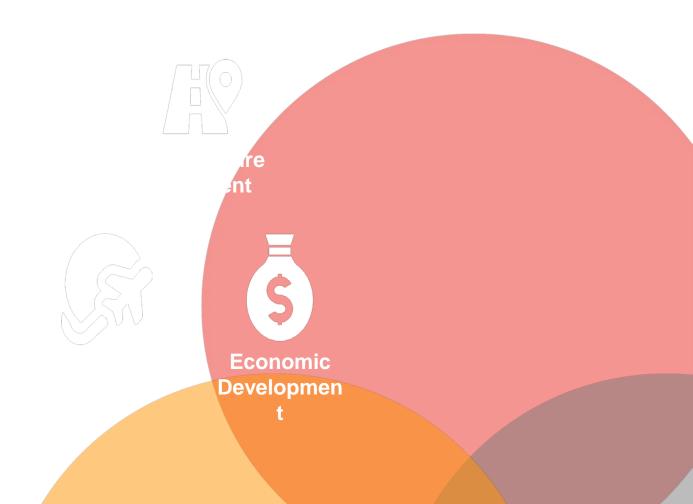
(2016)

Tourism tax and direct spending allows state and local government funding for re-investment back into the community





Local & State Economies' Growth Driven Faster by Integration



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Spotlight on Local & State Economies

New York

The number of jobs in the hotel industry in NYC increased by 29% from 2006 – 2015, nearly double the citywide rate of job growth. This is in parallel to a 33% increase in visitors from the same time period

Hawaii

Similar growth is occurring in Hawaii as well. Hilton nearly doubled its hotels in Hawaii in 2016, and significant renovations at other hotels such as the Hawaii Prince \$55M renovation and the Hawaii Pacific Beach \$115M renovation

Significant other private/public investment driven by tourism – such as airport redevelopment, are contributing to job expansion and local quality of life benefits



Trends in Travel

Key leisure travel elements:



Spending on travel and tourism for public transportation and auto transportation was \$326.2B



Almost 50% of millenials/Gen X and baby boomers plan to take at least one domestic trip this year, and average about 3.5-4 trips per year



Survey revealed when traveling domestically. within the states approximately half will go by air and half will travel by ground (47% air and 43% car)



Data showed Millennials and GenX'ers are more elastic to changes in air fares and they will change their plans and drive – over 25% said they would drive rather than go by air if fares were high

^{*} AARP travel research, 2017 travel trends



Plane, Train or Automobile

Airport Redevelopment Growth 2006-2016

Airports now compete for passengers just as airlines do-and revenue avoidance has been measured as a a result of deteriorating infrastructure

- JFK Airport over \$5.0B of infrastructure investment in the last decade by the airlines and the State just announced its redevelopment plans
- LAX is in the midst of an \$8.5B capital improvement program
- LGA airport is undergoing a \$5.0B redesign
- PHL just announced a \$900M investment in its airports
- PHX undergoing a \$40M redesign project





Plane, Train or Automobile

Rail Transit Infrastructure Investments Are Imperative

Cities with transit rail connections from the airport to the City Center saw hotel revenue and occupancy rates grow roughly 20% faster than those cities without transit

- Amtrak investments absolutely critical in the Northeast corridor
- New transit/railway infrastructure requires commitment and time



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Plane, Train or Automobile

Car Travel For Tourism On The Rise

• Low fuel prices make driving a more cost-effective option

 Change in preferences show more people taking long weekends to shorter destinations

 RV Wholesale shipments in 2017 increased 9.6% and are highest total annual sales on record

- Growth driven by a combination of low fuel prices and baby boomer population ready to go on the road
- New fuel-efficient cars will help encourage more road trips, but will significantly reduce fuel tax revenue

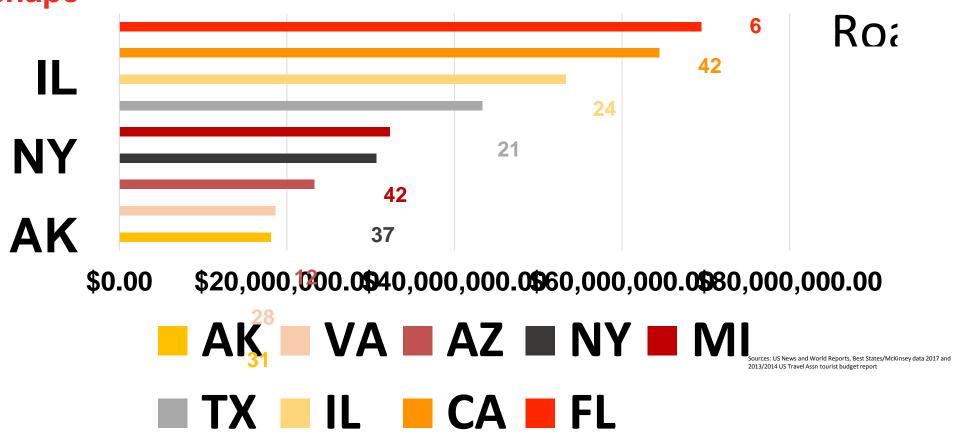
Highway infrastructure imperative - If travelers avoided just one auto trip per year, the U.S economy would lose \$23B in spending what would directly support 208,000 American jobs

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World Travel and Tourism Council Benchmark report 2017 and Statistical



Caution Ahead For Those 10 States Investing the Most in Tourism Promotion – 60%, of their roadways are in some of the worse shape



Of the top 10 States investing in tourism promotion, 60% are in the bottom half ranking for Roadway quality and over 50% of them are in the lowest ranking overall Transportation Infrastructure – which could impact future growth/attraction

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12



The Future is Dependent on Investment



Congested or deteriorated roadways have ripple effects through the entire economy: commerce, tourism and local-economic development



For every direct job in the tourism sector, nearly **two**additional jobs are created on an indirect or induced basis



World Travel and Tourism
Council estimates that global
travel and tourism GDP will
grow 4% per annum over the
decade, while the total global
economy is expected to
expand at 2.7% per annum

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